United States Constitution

Doral Academy of Texas shall take no action abridging the freedom of speech or the right of people to petition the Board for redress of grievances. U.S. Const. Amend. I, XIV.

The Board may confine its meetings to specified subject matter, and may hold non-pubic sessions to transact business. When the Board sits in public meetings to conduct public business and hear the views of citizens, it may not discriminate between speakers on the basis of the content of their speech or the message it conveys. *Rosenberger v. Rector & Visitors of Univ. of Virginia, 515 U.S. 819 (1995); City of Madison v. Wis. Emp. Rel. Comm'n, 429 U.S. 167 (1976); Pickering v. Bd. of Educ., 391 U.S. 563 (1968).*

The Board may create a limited public forum for the purpose of hearing comments from the public, so long as:

- 1. The Board does not discriminate against speech on the basis of viewpoint;
- 2. Any restrictions are reasonable in light of the purpose served by the forum; and
- 3. The Board provides alternative paths for expressing categories of protected speech that are excluded from the forum.

Fairchild v. Liberty Indep. Sch. Dist., 597 F.3d 747 (5th Cir. 2010).

Texas Constitution

Citizens shall have the right, in a peaceable manner, to assemble together for their common good and to apply to those invested with the powers of government for redress of grievances or other purposes, by petition, address, or remonstrance. *Tex. Const. Art. I, Sec. 27.*

Public Comment

So long as the requirements of the Open Meetings Act are satisfied and the right of citizens to apply to the Board for redress of their grievances is not abridged, the Board need not provide a public forum for every citizen wishing to express an opinion on a matter. Reasonable restraints on the number, length, and frequency of presentations are permissible. The Board may limit the total amount of time for public comments generally, may limit the amount of time for each speaker with respect to specific agenda items, and may encourage groups of persons it will hear on a particular subject to designate a spokesperson, but may not require groups to consolidate with respect to specific agenda items. The Board may adopt other regulations and procedures for comments so long as the regulation does not abridge constitutionally guaranteed rights of freedom of speech and to petition, nor unfairly discriminate among views seeking expression. *Att'y Gen. Op. H-188 (1973)*.

Limit on Participation

Audience participation at a Board meeting is limited to the portion of the meeting designated for that purpose or for specific agenda items as permitted by law and

procedures established by the Board. At all other times during a Board meeting, the audience shall not enter into discussion or debate on matters being considered by the Board, unless requested by the presiding officer.

Public Comment

At regular meetings, the Board shall allot 30 minutes to hear persons who desire to make comments to the Board generally during public comment, and shall allot time to hear persons who desire to make comments to the Board both generally or on specific agenda items. Persons who wish to participate in this portion of the meeting shall sign up with the presiding officer or designee before the meeting begins, and shall indicate the topic about which they wish to speak.

Each person who signs up shall be allowed to address the Board one time for no more than 3 minutes. Delegations of more than five persons are encouraged to appoint one person to present their views before the Board.

Board's Response

Specific factual information or recitation of existing policy may be furnished in response to inquiries, but the Board shall not deliberate or decide regarding any subject that is not included on the agenda posted with notice of the meeting.

Complaints and Concerns

The presiding officer or designee shall determine whether a person addressing the Board has attempted to solve a matter administratively through resolution channels established by policy. If not, the person shall be referred to the appropriate policy (see list below) to seek resolution:

Employee complaints: Board Policy PG-__ (Employee Complaints and Grievances – General).

Student or parent complaint: Board Policy PG-__ (Parent and Student Complaints and Grievances – General).

Complaints alleging discrimination, harassment, and/or retaliation: Board Policy PG-

- ___ (Freedom from Discrimination, Harassment, and Retaliation); Board Policy PG-
- ___ (Freedom from Discrimination, Harassment, and Retaliation); Board Policy PG-
- ___ (Sexual Harassment).

Complaints concerning identification, evaluation, or educational placement of a student with a disability within the scope of Section 504: Board Policy ___ (Parent and Student Complaints and Grievances), subject to the time limitations referenced in Board Policy PG-__ (Equal Educational Opportunity).

PG-1.8.3

Complaints concerning identification, evaluation, educational placement, or discipline of a student with a disability within the scope of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act. Board Policy PG-__ (Equal Educational Opportunity) and Board Policy PG-__ (Parent and Student Complaints and Grievances).

Public complaints: Board Policy PG- (Public Complaints).

Disruption

The Board shall not tolerate disruption of the meeting by members of the audience. If, after at least one warning from the presiding officer, any person continues to disrupt the meeting by his or her words or actions, the presiding officer may request assistance from law enforcement officials to have the person removed from the meeting.

The Board encourages constructive feedback and criticism and shall not prohibit public criticism of the Board as a body corporate, including criticism of any act, omission, policy, procedure, program or service. This does not limit or apply to any form of criticism or disruptive act that may be otherwise prohibited by law.